

# 14. [Financial Mathematics]

## Skill 14.1 Minimising expenses - saving.

MM5.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4  
MM6.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- Write number sentences from the information given.

**Q.** Kai's home content insurance direct debit is \$33.50 per month. How much does he save if he pays the up-front annual amount of \$340?

**A.**  $\$33.50 \times 12 = \$402$

Calculate the total direct debit for 12 months.

$$\$402 - \$340 = \$62$$

Subtract the annual up-front amount from the total direct debit.

- a)** Litia saves \$5 per day for January. How much does she save the whole month?

$$\text{January} = 31 \text{ days}$$

$$31 \times 5$$

$$= \$$$

- c)** How much can I save in 4 weeks if my pocket money is \$20 per week, and my expenses for 2 fortnights are as shown?

Expense	Cost
Sport	\$28
Entertainment	\$30
Clothes	\$15

$$= \$$$

- e)** My car uses one litre of petrol every 10 km. Petrol costs me \$1.65 per litre. How much money would I save in one week, if I walk 2.5 km to and 2.5 km from work for 6 days?

$$= \$$$

- g)** Lu's home contents insurance direct debit is \$26.30 per month. How much does she save if she pays the up-front annual amount of \$250?

$$= \$$$

- b)** Gerardo saves \$15 per day for November. How much does he save the whole month?

$$= \$$$

- d)** Which company has the cheapest car hire over 8 days?

Co.	Rates	Cost
A	Hire fee	\$75
	Daily rate	\$40
B	Hire fee	\$25
	Daily rate	\$60

$$= \$$$

- f)** Lee buys 4 double and 2 single cones for \$16. The next day he buys 2 double and 4 single cones and pays \$14. How much is a double cone?

$$= \$$$

- h)** Jo's car insurance direct debit is \$76.40 per month. How much does he save if he pays the up-front annual amount of \$820?

$$= \$$$

## Skill 14.2 Estimating outcomes.

MM5.2 1 2 2 3 3 4 4  
MM6.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- Round where appropriate to the nearest whole numbers or multiples of 10.
- Create an equation from the information given.
- Calculate, where necessary, the percentage of the given amount.  
(see skills 6.3, page 61 and 6.4, page 62)

**Q.** A toothpaste box weighs 8.01 g.  
Estimate how many would be required  
to make 1 kg of recyclable waste?

**A.**  $8.01 \approx 8$  Round 8.01 to 8 g.  
 $1000 \div 8$   
 $= 125$   $1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$   
It would take 125 toothpaste boxes  
to make 1 kg of recyclable waste.

**a)** A dinner costs \$49.90. You tip 6%.  
Estimate the size of the tip.

$$49.9 \approx 50 \text{ so } \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{50}{1} = \text{Simplify: } \div 10$$

.....

$$= 30 \div 10 = \$$$

**c)** Advertising costs contribute 10% of the  
\$25 050 development. Estimate the cost of  
advertising.

**b)** You weigh 44.8 kg. If you gain 3% of your  
body weight, estimate your weight gain.

.....

$$= \$$$

**e)** Concert tickets were \$149.95 until you found  
the internet discount of 12%. Estimate the  
savings if you buy online.

**d)** Your backyard is 124.6 m<sup>2</sup> of which 12% is  
playground. Estimate the size of your  
playground.

.....

$$= \$$$

**g)** Approximately two thirds of Julie's income of  
\$48 249 is spent on bills. Estimate the amount  
spent on bills.

.....

$$= \text{m}^2$$

**i)** At present, New Zealand has a passport  
possession rate of around 75% of the  
population. Estimate the number of New  
Zealand passports, if the population is about  
4 500 000.

**f)** There are an estimated 8 000 000 species of  
insects in the world of which 24% are beetles.  
Estimate the number of beetle species.

.....

$$= \$$$

**h)** A best-selling musician has sold 138.5 million  
albums. Estimate the number of albums that  
will need to be sold to reach 145 million.

.....

$$= \text{m}^2$$

**j)** Dad donates half a round of golf. You pay the  
remaining \$19.85 for the round. Estimate the  
cost of a full round of golf.

.....

$$= \$$$

### Skill 14.3 Calculating percentages including GST and lay-bys.

MM5.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4  
MM6.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- Write a number sentence from the information given.
- Calculate the percentage of the given amount. (see skills 6.3, page 61 and 6.4, page 62)

**Q.** The computer cost \$3450 including GST. If the GST is 15%, how much GST was included in the cost?

**A.**  $GST = 15\%$   
 $cost \text{ including } GST = 100\% + 15\% = 115\%$   
 $\Rightarrow \$3450 = 115\%$   
 $\Rightarrow GST = \$3450 \div 11.5 = \$300$   
 $\Rightarrow cost \text{ excluding } GST = \$3450 - \$300$   
 $= \$3150$

**a)** A TV was repaired for \$200, then a 15% GST was added to the price. What was the total cost of the TV repairs?

$$\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{200}{1} = 30 \quad \text{--- Simplify: } \div 100$$

$$200 + 30 = \boxed{\$}$$

**c)** Jean pays a 20% deposit to put a trampoline on lay-by. If the trampoline costs \$1200, how much does he have left to pay?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**e)** The plumbing repair cost \$690 including GST. If the GST is 15%, how much GST was included in the cost?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**g)** The house painting costs \$9200 including GST. If the GST is 15%, how much is the cost excluding GST?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**i)** Lena buys a bag online for \$85. If shipping and handling are an additional 40% of the price, how much will she pay altogether?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**b)** Archie leaves an extra 5% of the restaurant bill as a tip. The bill was \$150. How much was the tip?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**d)** Fairy puts up 20% as a lay-by deposit on a shuttle board table. The table costs \$380. She will then make 4 equal payments of the balance. What will the last payment be?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**f)** The cost of a car service was \$1150 including GST. If the GST is 15%, how much GST was included in the service?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**h)** Before adding the GST of 15%, the phone costs \$660. Find the total cost of the phone including GST.

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

**j)** Jai put a \$300 lay-by deposit on a \$1500 computer as the store demanded. What percentage of the sale price does the store expect on lay-by?

$$= \boxed{\$}$$

## Skill 14.4 Calculating percentages including commissions, profit and loss.

MM5.2 11 2 2 3 3 4 4  
MM6.1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- Write a number sentence from the information given.
- Calculate the percentage of the given amount. (see skills 6.3, page 61 and 6.4, page 62)

$$\text{Commission} = \% \times \text{Selling price}$$

- Q.** Jai sells a property for \$118 000 and earns 3% commission. How much is Jai's commission?

**A.** 
$$\frac{3}{100} \times \frac{118000}{1} =$$
 *Simplify: ÷ 100*  
 $= 3 \times 1180$   
 $= \$3540$

- a)** Breanna pays \$18 000 for a car and sells it for 15% less. Calculate the loss.

$$\frac{15}{100} \times \frac{18000}{1} =$$
  
 $= 15 \times 180$  \$

- c)** A surfboard costing \$700 is sold at a loss of 12%. Calculate the selling price.

$$=$$
 \$

- e)** David sells a house for \$450 000. If his commission is 3%, how much is David's commission?

$$=$$
 \$

- g)** Shane bought a second-hand car for \$9500. He then sold it for 40% less. What is the selling price of the car?

$$=$$
 \$

- i)** A pair of skates is marked up 20%. If the sale price is \$150, what profit is made?

$$=$$
 \$

- b)** Kim pays \$14 000 for a diamond ring and sells it for 5% more. Calculate the profit.

$$=$$
 \$

- d)** An antique chest costing \$1200 is sold at a profit of 15%. Calculate the selling price.

$$=$$
 \$

- f)** Kate sells a car for \$84 000. If her commission is 2%, how much is Kate's commission?

$$=$$
 \$

- h)** Ian bought a house for \$340 000 and renovated it. He then sold it, making a profit of 30%. What was the selling price of the house?

$$=$$
 \$

- j)** A coffee table is marked up 25%. If the sale price is \$350, what profit is made?

$$=$$
 \$

## Skill 14.5 Calculating wages.

MM5.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4  
MM6.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- Write a number sentence from what you are given.
- Consider the dollar amount and the time it takes to earn that.

*NB: In Australia employers pay 9% of their employees' base income into a superannuation fund.*

- Q.** Goldie earns \$238 for 17 hours work.  
What is her hourly rate?

**A.**  $\$238 \div 17 h =$   
 $= \$14/h$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 17 \overline{) 238} \\ - 17 \\ \hline 68 \\ - 68 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

- a)** Sean is an apprentice, and he earns \$7.20 per hour for a 40 hour week. His pay this fortnight is \$595. By how much was Sean overpaid?

$40 \times 2 = 80$

$\$7.20 \times 80 = \$576/\text{fortnight}$

$\$595 - \$576$

$= \$$

- b)** Joey earns \$192 for 16 hours work. What is his hourly rate?

$= \$$

- c)** Tamara works from 9 pm to 2 am at a rate of \$13.50/h after tax. From midnight however, the pay rate doubles. What is this shift worth to Tamara?

- d)** Today Prue and Trudy together earn \$600 for standard hair cuts. They share 15 customers. If Prue cuts 9 heads of hair, how much does Trudy earn?

$= \$$

$= \$$

- e)** If Gary's tax for the year is \$3500, and his pay each fortnight is \$750, how much is his yearly wage before tax? [Hint: There are 26 fortnights in a year.]

- f)** Kay is paid \$15/hour for a 20 hour week. Her pay this fortnight is \$485. By how much is Kay underpaid?

$= \$$

$= \$$

- g)** On a base income of \$30 000 how much superannuation will Rory be paid when the guarantee reaches 12%?

- h)** When the superannuation guarantee was 9%, how much did John's employer pay annually into his superannuation if his annual wage, before tax, was \$65 000?

$= \$$

$= \$$

## Skill 14.6 Calculating net and gross income and tax payable on income.

MM5.2 11 22 33 44  
MM6.1 11 22 33 44

- Write a number sentence from what you are given.
- Consider the dollar amount and the time it takes to earn that.

$$\text{Net wage} = \text{Gross wage} - \text{Total deductions}$$

- Q.** Ali's gross wage is \$2200 per fortnight. He pays 20% of the gross wage in tax and contributes 9% of the gross wage to his superannuation fund. Calculate Ali's net wage per fortnight.

[net wage = gross wage – total deductions]

**A.**  $\text{total deductions} = \text{tax} + \text{superannuation}$

$$\text{tax} = \frac{20}{100} \times \frac{2200}{1} = \$440 \quad \text{Simplify: } \div 100$$

$$\text{superannuation} = \frac{9}{100} \times \frac{2200}{1} = \$198$$

$$\text{total deductions} = \$440 + \$198 = \$638$$

$$\text{net wage} = \$2200 - \$638 = \$1562$$

- a)** Sam's gross wage is \$2700 per fortnight. She pays 20% of the gross wage in tax and contributes 9% of the gross wage to her superannuation fund. Calculate Sam's net wage per fortnight.

[net wage = gross wage – total deductions]

$$= \boxed{\quad}$$

- c)** Part of Carrie's fortnightly payslip is shown. Calculate Carrie's total deductions and net wage for the fortnight.

[net wage = gross wage – total deductions]

Gross wage	\$943.15
Income tax	\$317.22
Superannuation	\$80.65
Union fees	\$19.00

$$\text{Total deductions} = \boxed{\quad}$$

$$\text{Net wage} = \boxed{\quad}$$

$$= \boxed{\quad}$$

- d)** Carrie's taxable income is \$60 000. What is the amount of tax payable on her income?

Taxable income	Tax on this income
\$0 to \$14 000	10.5%
\$14 001 to \$48 000	17.5%
\$48 001 to \$70 000	30%
from \$70 000	33%

\*Personal income tax rates for the 2014-2015 year

$$= \boxed{\quad}$$

- e)** Caleb's taxable income is \$80 000. What is the amount of tax payable on his income?

Taxable income	Tax on this income
\$0 to \$14 000	10.5%
\$14 001 to \$48 000	17.5%
\$48 001 to \$70 000	30%
from \$70 000	33%

\*Personal income tax rates for the 2014-2015 year

- f)** Scarlet's taxable income is \$30 000. What is the amount of tax payable on her income?

Taxable income	Tax on this income
\$0 to \$14 000	10.5%
\$14 001 to \$48 000	17.5%
\$48 001 to \$70 000	30%
from \$70 000	33%

\*Personal income tax rates for the 2014-2015 year

$$= \boxed{\quad}$$

$$= \boxed{\quad}$$

## Skill 14.7 Calculating simple interest.

MM5.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4  
MM6.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4

- Write an equation from the word problem.
- To find the total investment, after interest, add the interest to the principal.

$$\text{Simple Interest} = \text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time} \quad \text{OR} \quad SI = PRT$$

- Q.** Darcy invests \$1000 at a simple interest rate of 12% per year. What did the investment equal at the end of 2 years?

**A.**  $SI = PRT$

$$= 1000 \times \frac{12}{100} \times 2 \quad \text{Simplify: } \div 100$$

$$= 10 \times 12 \times 2 = 240$$

$1000 + 240$  *(investment = principal + interest)*

$$= \$1240$$

- a)** How much interest would Sean pay on his credit card after 2 years if he owed \$1500 at an interest rate of 8% per year?

$$SI = PRT = 1500 \times \frac{8}{100} \times 2 = \quad \text{Simplify: } \div 100$$

$$= 15 \times 8 \times 2$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- c)** Simple Interest = Principal × Rate × Time  
A bank account of \$1000 earns 11% simple interest. How much interest is earned after 1 year?

$$SI =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- e)** Pedro invested \$1500 at 5% simple interest for 2 years. How much interest did he earn?

$$SI =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- g)** Guy borrowed \$200 for 3 years at a simple interest rate of 7% per year. How much does Guy owe at the end of 3 years?

$$SI =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$Total =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- b)** Simple Interest = Principal × Rate × Time  
Paula invests \$100 for 1 year. If the interest rate is 14% per year, how much interest would Paula get?

$$SI =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- d)** How much interest is paid on a loan of \$500 at a simple interest rate of 10% after 2 years?

$$SI =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- f)** How much interest would Carey pay on his credit card after 3 years if he owed \$1200 at an interest rate of 12% per year?

$$SI =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

- h)** Marcie invests \$750 for 4 years at a simple interest rate of 8% per year. How much does Marcie get back?

$$SI =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$Total =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}}$$

## Skill 14.8 Calculating discount prices and depreciation.

MM5.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4  
MM6.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4

- Write a number sentence from the information given.

- Q.** A 30% increase followed by a 10% decrease on the same item is greater than (>), less than (<) or equal to a 20% increase of the original value?

$$\frac{3\%}{100} \times \frac{4\%}{1} = 12$$

$$40 + 12 = 52$$

$$\frac{1\%}{100} \times \frac{52}{1} = 5.2$$

$$52 - 5.2 = 46.8$$

+30%

-10%

Assume an amount  
e.g. 40

$$\frac{2\%}{100} \times \frac{4\%}{1} = 8$$

$$40 + 8 = 48$$

+20%  
⇒

$$\$6.80 < \$8.00$$

- a)** A 40% increase followed by a 30% decrease on the same item is >, < or = a 10% increase of the original value?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

- c)** A book was discounted by 40% to \$15.  
How much was the book before the discount?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

- e)** Last year Sandra invested \$5000 in shares. In the past 12 months they lost 25% of their value. What is the value of her investment?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

- g)** A toy was discounted by 25% to \$60. How much was the toy before the discount?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

- b)** A 60% increase followed by a 20% decrease on the same item is >, < or = a 40% increase of the original value?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

- d)** Ollie's iPhone is now worth \$210 or 30% of its original cost. How much did Ollie originally pay for the iPhone?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

- f)** You get 15% off your car insurance (cost = \$350) and house insurance (cost = \$450) if you combine the two payments. What would the joint payment be?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

- h)** A pen was discounted by 30% to \$35. How much was the pen before the discount?

.....  
.....  
.....  
=

## Skill 14.9 Calculating compound interest.

MM5.2 11 22 33 44  
MM6.1 11 22 33 44

- Write an equation for the word problem.

$$\text{yearly interest} = \text{principal} \times \text{rate}$$

- Calculate the amount of interest each year on that year's principal.  
*Hint: Deal with each year separately because in each year there will be a new balance or principal which includes all previous interest.*

- Q.** Luke invests \$2000 at a compound interest rate of 15% per year. After 3 years, how much does Luke have?

**A.** 
$$2000 + \frac{15}{100} \times \frac{2000}{1} =$$
  

$$= 2000 + 300 = 2300$$

Year 1  

$$2300 + \frac{15}{100} \times \frac{2300}{1} =$$
  

$$= 2300 + 345 = 2645$$

Year 2  

$$2645 + \frac{15}{100} \times \frac{2645}{1} =$$
  

$$= 2645 + 396.75 =$$
  

$$= \$3041.75$$

Luke starts with \$2000

After year 1: Principal is \$2000 plus 15% of \$2000 = \$2300

The next year's interest is paid on the new balance of \$2300.

After 2 years: Principal is \$2300 plus 15% of \$2300 = \$2645

After 3 years: Principal is \$2645 plus 15% of \$2645 = \$3041.75

- a)** What is the total amount of interest repaid on a loan of \$800 after 2 years at a compound interest rate of 6%?

Year 1  

$$\frac{6}{100} \times \frac{800}{1} = 48$$
 *Interest after year 1*

$$800 + 48 = 848$$
 *New principal after year 1*

Year 2  

$$\frac{6}{100} \times \frac{848}{1} = 50.88$$
 *Interest after year 2*

$$Yr 1 + Yr 2 = 48 + 50.88 =$$
 *Total Interest after 2 years*

- b)** Jim borrowed \$10 000 for 2 years at a compound interest rate of 6%. How much did Jim pay back?

Year 1	.....
Year 2	.....
Year 3	.....

- c)** April invests \$5000 at a compound interest rate of 20% per year. What is the total amount of interest April gets after 3 years?

Year 1	.....
Year 2	.....
Year 3	.....

- d)** What is the total amount of interest repaid on a loan of \$12 000 after 3 years at a compound interest rate of 5%?

Year 1	.....
Year 2	.....
Year 3	.....

## Skill 14.10 Calculating compound growth and depreciation.

MM5.2 11 22 33 44  
MM6.1 11 22 33 44

- Write an equation for the word problem.
- Calculate the amount of growth or depreciation each year on that year's value.

*Hint: Deal with each year separately because in each year there will be a new value which includes all previous growth or depreciation.*

- Q.** A computer depreciates in value at an annual rate of 20%. If it costs \$4000 when new, calculate its value after 3 years.

**A.** 
$$4000 - \frac{20}{100} \times \frac{4000}{1} =$$
  
$$= 4000 - 800 = 3200$$

$$3200 - \frac{20}{100} \times \frac{3200}{1} =$$
  
$$= 3200 - 640 = 2560$$

$$2560 - \frac{20}{100} \times \frac{2560}{1} =$$
  
$$= 2560 - 512 =$$
  
$$= \$2048$$

New computer costs \$4000.

After year 1: Value is \$4000 minus 20% of \$4000 = \$3200

The next year's depreciation starts from the new value of \$3200.

After 2 years: Value is \$3200 minus 20% of \$3200 = \$2560

After 3 years: Value is \$2560 minus 20% of \$2560 = \$2048

- a)** A car depreciates in value at an annual rate of 10%. If it costs \$45 000 when new, calculate its value after 2 years.

Year 1

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Year 2

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Year 3

- c)** The population of a town compounded annually at a rate of 10% per year. The population was initially 20 000. What was the population after 3 years?

Year 1

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Year 2

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Year 3

---

Year 4

- b)** The population of a town compounded annually at a rate of 10% per year. Initially 1000 people, what was the population after 2 years?

Year 1

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Year 2

---

Year 3

- d)** A printer depreciates in value at an annual rate of 20%. If it costs \$400 when new, calculate its value after 3 years.

Year 1

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Year 2

---

Year 3

---

Year 4