

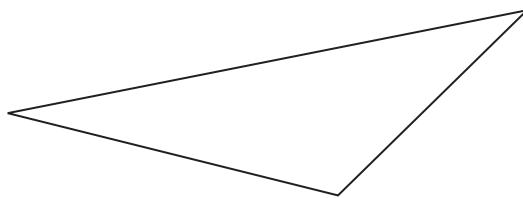
25. [Perimeter]

Skill 25.1 Finding the perimeter of polygons by measuring their side lengths.

MM4.2 11 22 33 44
MM5.1 11 22 33 44

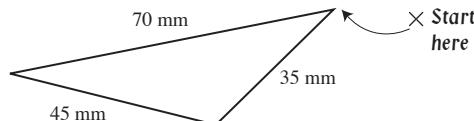
- Measure each side length of the shape.
- Add together the side lengths.

Q. Use a ruler to find the perimeter of the scalene triangle in millimetres.



A. $35 \text{ mm} + 45 \text{ mm} + 70 \text{ mm}$
 $= 150 \text{ mm}$

Measure the side lengths.
Write down the lengths
next to each side.

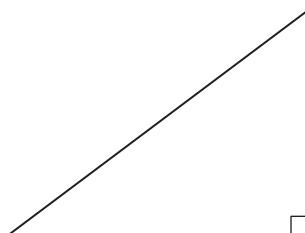


a) Use a ruler to find the perimeter of the square in centimetres.



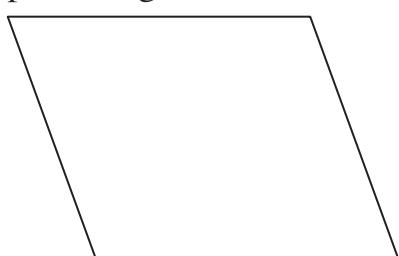
$$4 \times 2 = \boxed{8 \text{ cm}}$$

c) Use a ruler to find the perimeter of the right-angled triangle in centimetres.



$$= \boxed{\text{cm}}$$

e) Use a ruler to find the perimeter of the parallelogram in millimetres.



$$= \boxed{\text{mm}}$$

b) Use a ruler to find the perimeter of the rectangle in millimetres



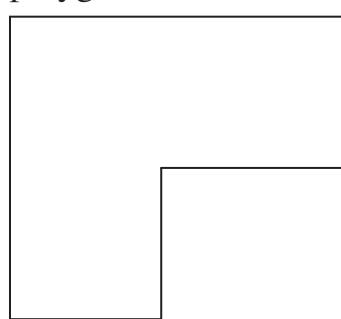
$$= \boxed{\text{mm}}$$

d) Use a ruler to find the perimeter of the trapezium in centimetres.



$$= \boxed{\text{cm}}$$

f) Use a ruler to find the perimeter of the polygon in millimetres.



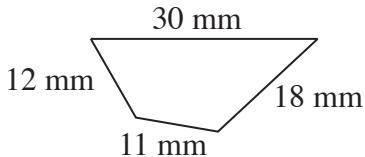
$$= \boxed{\text{mm}}$$

Skill 25.2 Calculating the perimeter of polygons when all side lengths are given (1).

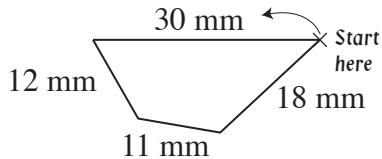
MM4.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4
MM5.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- Add together the side lengths.

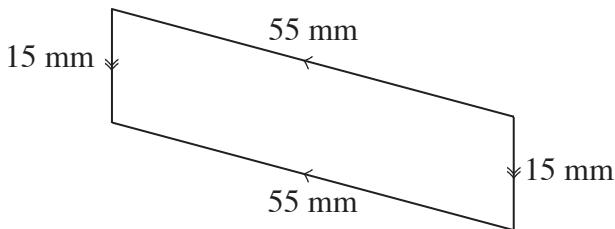
- Q.** Calculate the perimeter of the quadrilateral.



A. $30 \text{ mm} + 12 \text{ mm} + 11 \text{ mm} + 18 \text{ mm}$
 $= 71 \text{ mm}$

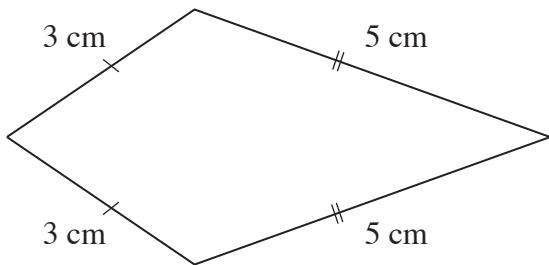


- a)** Calculate the perimeter of the parallelogram.



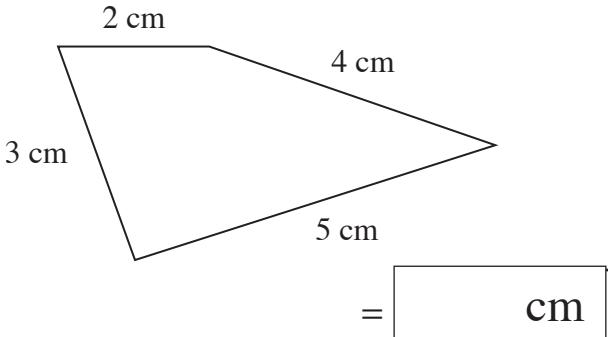
$$15 + 15 + 55 + 55 = \boxed{140 \text{ mm}}$$

- b)** Calculate the perimeter of the kite.

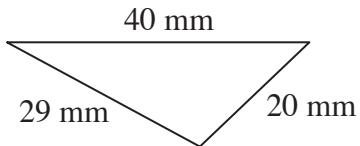


$$= \boxed{\text{cm}}$$

- c)** Calculate the perimeter of the quadrilateral.

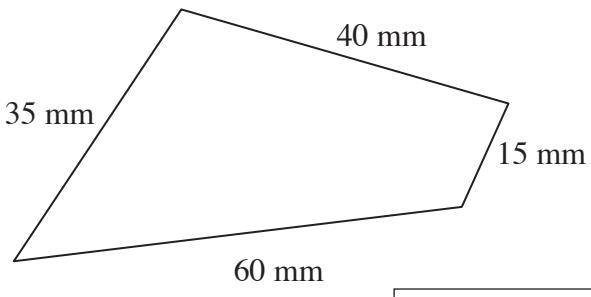


- d)** Calculate the perimeter of the scalene triangle.



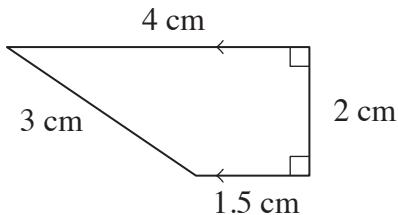
$$= \boxed{\text{mm}}$$

- e)** Calculate the perimeter of the quadrilateral.



$$= \boxed{\text{mm}}$$

- f)** Calculate the perimeter of the trapezium.

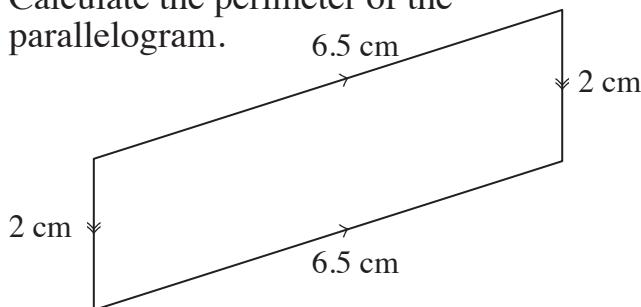


$$= \boxed{\text{cm}}$$

Skill 25.2 Calculating the perimeter of polygons when all side lengths are given (2).

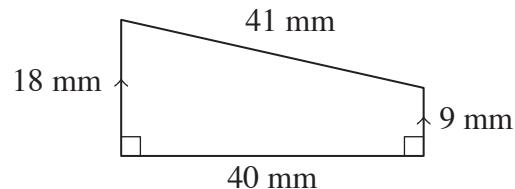
MM4.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4
MM5.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- g)** Calculate the perimeter of the parallelogram. 6.5 cm



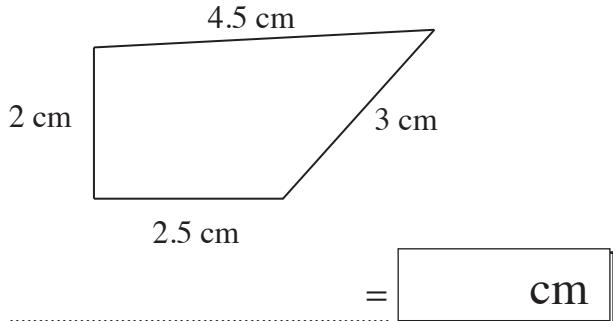
$$6.5 + 2 + 6.5 + 2 = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

- h)** Calculate the perimeter of the trapezium.

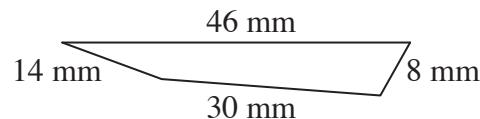


$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- i) Calculate the perimeter of the quadrilateral.

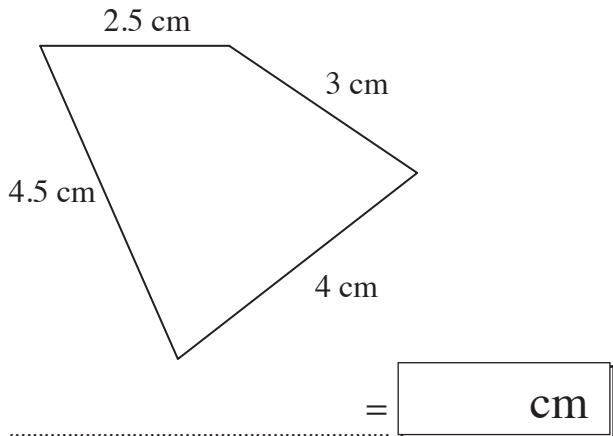


- j) Calculate the perimeter of the quadrilateral.

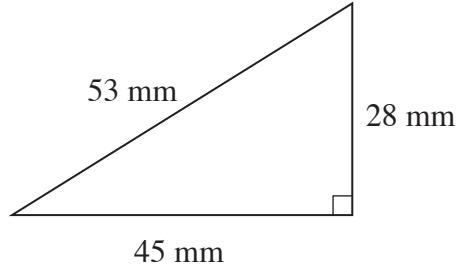


= mm

- k) Calculate the perimeter of the quadrilateral.

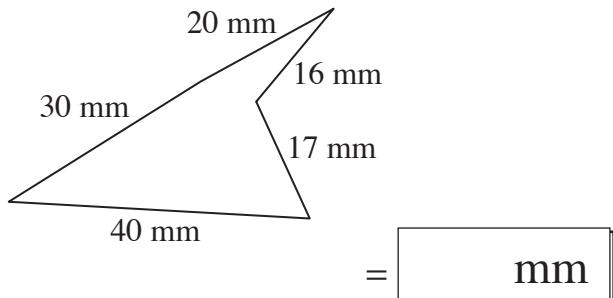


- I) Calculate the perimeter of the right-angled triangle.

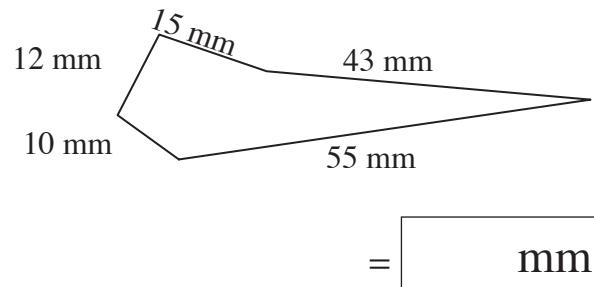


= mm

- m) Calculate the perimeter of the polygon.



- n) Calculate the perimeter of the polygon.



Skill 25.3 Calculating the perimeter of polygons by recognising congruent sides.

MM4.2 1 1 2 3 3 4 4
MM5.1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

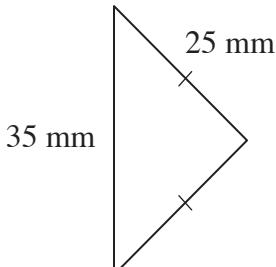
- Determine and label all side lengths.

Hint: Sides marked with a dash (|) are of equal length.

Sides marked with two dashes (||) are of equal length etc.

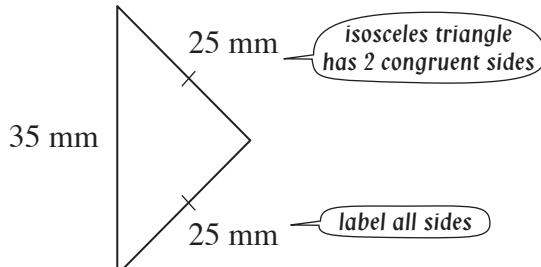
- Add together the side lengths.

- Q.** Calculate the perimeter of the isosceles triangle.

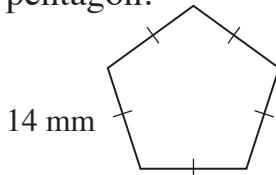


$$\mathbf{A.} \quad 25 \text{ mm} + 25 \text{ mm} + 35 \text{ mm}$$

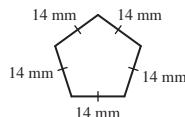
$$= 85 \text{ mm}$$



- a)** Calculate the perimeter of the regular pentagon.

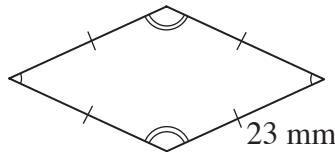


$$5 \times 14 \quad \text{pentagon - 5 sides}$$



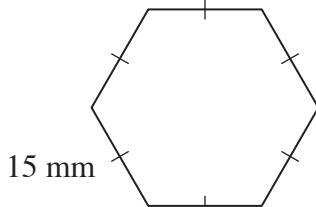
$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- b)** Calculate the perimeter of the rhombus.



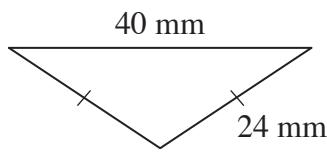
$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- c)** Calculate the perimeter of the regular hexagon.



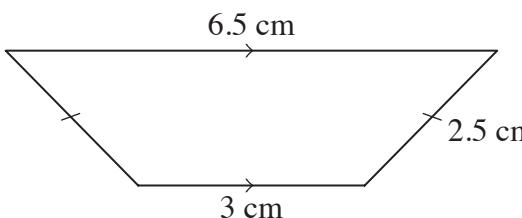
$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- d)** Calculate the perimeter of the isosceles triangle.



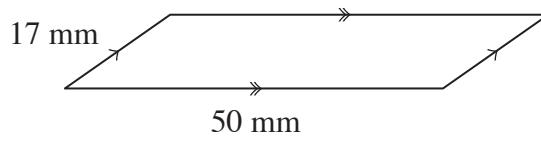
$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- e)** Calculate the perimeter of the trapezium.



$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ cm}$$

- f)** Calculate the perimeter of the parallelogram.



$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

Skill 25.4 Calculating the perimeter of polygons using real-life examples.

MM4.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4
MM5.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

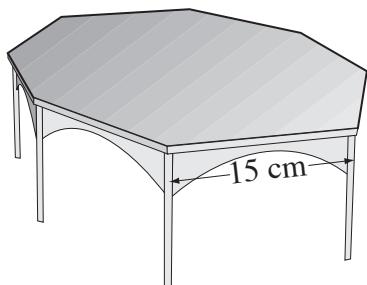
- Determine and label all side lengths.

Hint: Sides marked with a dash (|) are of equal length.

Sides marked with two dashes (||) are of equal length etc.

- Add together the side lengths.

- Q.** Calculate the perimeter of the regular octagonal table top.



$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{A.} \quad & 15 + 15 + 15 + 15 + 15 + 15 + 15 + 15 \\ & = 15 \times 8 \\ & = \mathbf{120 \text{ cm}}\end{aligned}$$

- a)** What is the perimeter of the gymnastics floor?



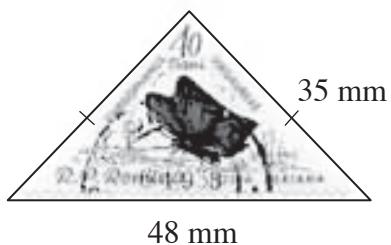
$$4 \times 12 = \boxed{48 \text{ m}}$$

- b)** What is the perimeter of the rectangular Luxio TV screen?



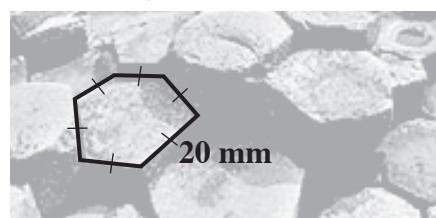
$$255 \text{ cm} \quad \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \quad 455 \text{ cm} \quad = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ cm}$$

- c)** What is the perimeter of this Romanian stamp valued at 40 bani?



$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- d)** What is the perimeter of the upper surface of this regular hexagonal column of basalt seen at the Giant's Causeway in Ireland?



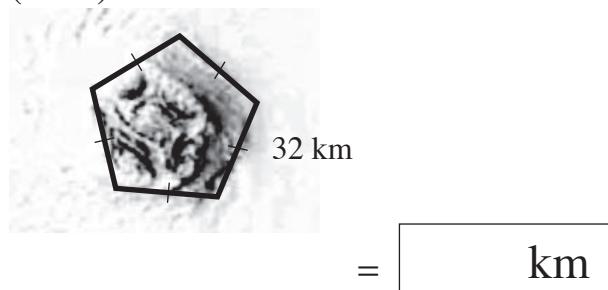
$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- e)** What is the perimeter of the rectangular ceiling of the Sistine Chapel?



$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ m}$$

- f)** What is the perimeter of the eye of the pentagonal vortex of hurricane Isabel (2003)?

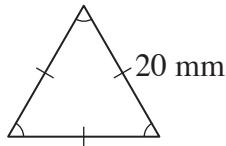


Skill 25.5 Calculating the perimeter of polygons using unit conversions.

MM4.2 11 22 33 44
MM5.1 11 22 33 44

- Convert all measurements to the same unit. (see skill 24.2, page 229)
 - Determine and label all side lengths.
- Hint:** Sides marked with a dash (|) are of equal length.
Sides marked with two dashes (||) are of equal length etc.
- Add together the side lengths.

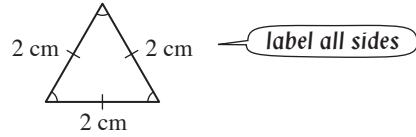
- Q.** Calculate the perimeter of the equilateral triangle in centimetres.



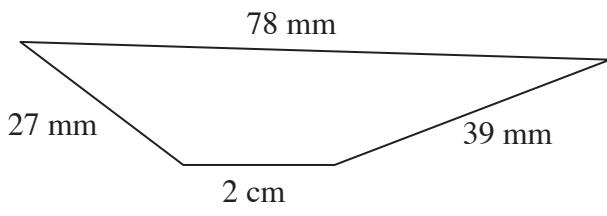
A. $20 \text{ mm} = 20 \div 10 \text{ cm} = 2 \text{ cm}$ ← mm to cm: ÷ 10

$$P = 3 \times 2$$

$$= 6 \text{ cm}$$

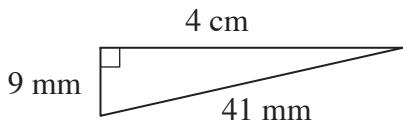


- a)** Calculate the perimeter of the trapezoid in millimetres.



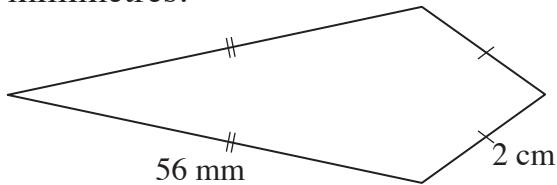
$$P = \boxed{} \text{ mm}$$

- c)** Express all measurements in millimetres and then find the perimeter of the right-angled triangle.



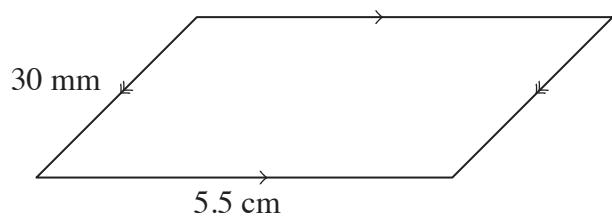
$$P = \boxed{} \text{ mm}$$

- e)** Calculate the perimeter of the kite in millimetres.



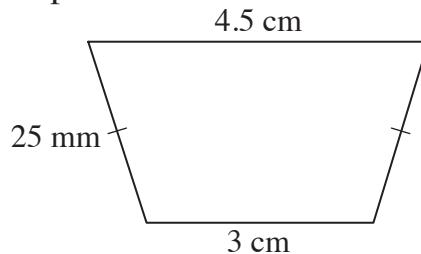
$$P = \boxed{} \text{ mm}$$

- b)** Express all measurements in centimetres and then find the perimeter of the parallelogram.



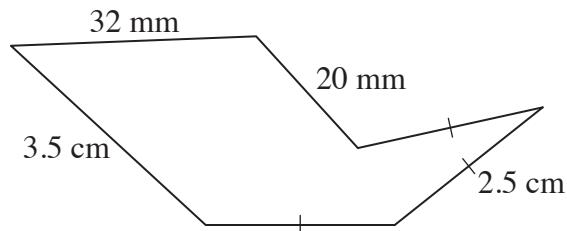
$$P = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

- d)** Calculate the perimeter of the trapezium in centimetres.



$$P = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

- f)** Calculate the perimeter of this polygon in centimetres.



$$P = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

Skill 25.6 Calculating an unknown side length when the perimeter of a polygon is given.

MM4.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4
MM5.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

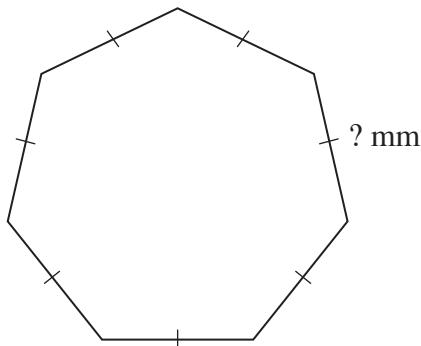
EITHER

- Add together all the given side lengths.
- Subtract the total from the perimeter to find the unknown side length.

OR

- Use algebra.

- Q.** The perimeter of this regular heptagon is 140 mm. What is the length of a side?



A. If $?$ represents the length of a side:

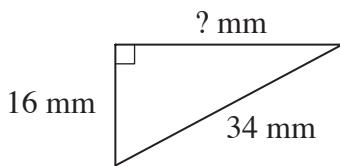
$$P = 140 \text{ mm}$$

$$P = 7 \times ?$$

$$140 = 7 \times ?$$

$$? = 20 \text{ mm}$$

- a)** The perimeter of this right-angled triangle is 80 mm. Find the missing side length.

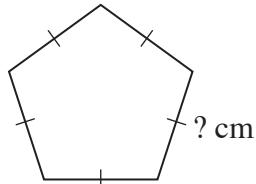


$$P = 16 + 34 + ?$$

Guess $? = 30$

$$80 = 50 + ? \quad \text{so } ? = \boxed{} \text{ mm}$$

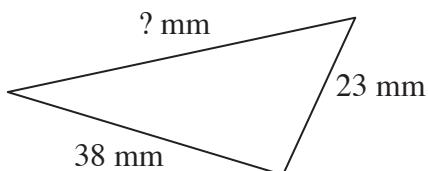
- b)** The perimeter of this regular pentagon is 7.5 cm. What is the length of a side?



$$P = \dots$$

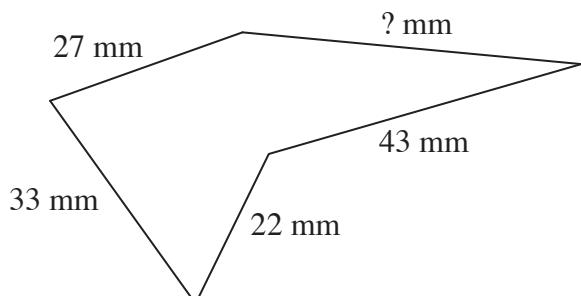
$$= \dots \quad \text{so } ? = \boxed{} \text{ cm}$$

- c)** The perimeter of this scalene triangle is 108 mm. Find the missing side length.



$$\begin{aligned} P &= \dots \\ &= \dots \quad \text{so } ? = \boxed{} \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

- d)** The perimeter of this polygon is 170 mm. Find the missing side length.



$$\begin{aligned} P &= \dots \\ &= \dots \quad \text{so } ? = \boxed{} \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

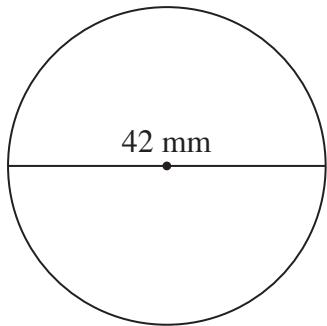
Skill 25.7 Calculating the circumference of circles (1).

MM4.2 11 22 33 44
MM5.1 11 22 33 44

- Substitute the known values into the formula for the circumference of a circle.

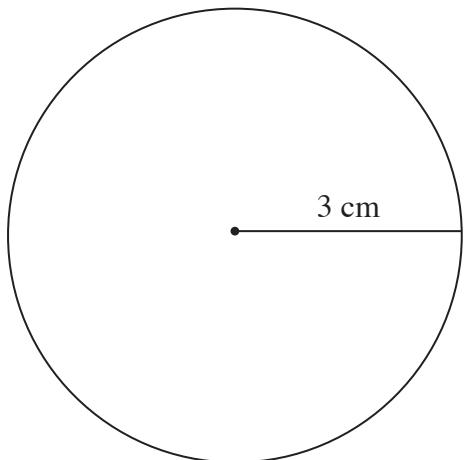
Hint: You need the radius which is half the diameter.

- Q.** Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



A. $C = 2\pi r$ where $d = 42$ and $r = 21$ $\left(r = \frac{d}{2}\right)$
 $= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 21^3$ $\left(\text{Simplify: } \div 7\right)$
 $= 44 \times 3$
 $= 132 \text{ mm}$

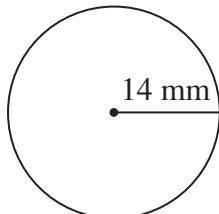
- a)** Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx 3.14$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C = 2\pi r = 2 \times 3.14 \times 3$$

$$= 6 \times 3.14 = \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ cm}$$

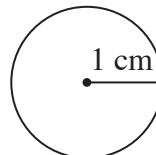
- c)** Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

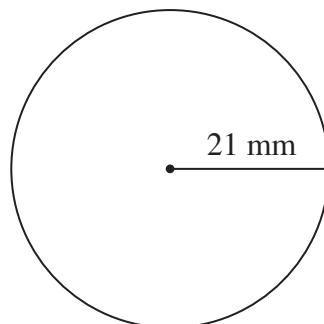
- b)** Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx 3.14$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C = \dots$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ cm}$$

- d)** Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



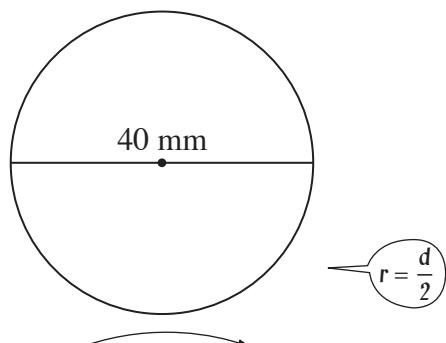
$$C =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

Skill 25.7 Calculating the circumference of circles (2).

MM4.2 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4
MM5.1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

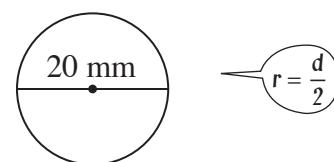
- e) Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx 3.14$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C = 2 \times 3.14 \times 20 \text{ where } d = 40 \text{ and } r = 20$$

$$= 40 \times 3.14$$

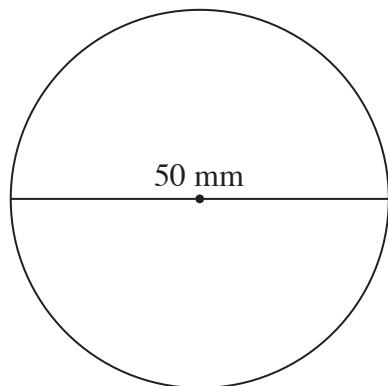
$$= 125.6 \text{ mm}$$



$$C =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

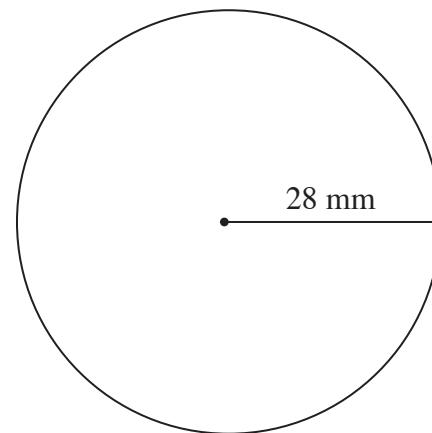
- g) Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx 3.14$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- h) Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

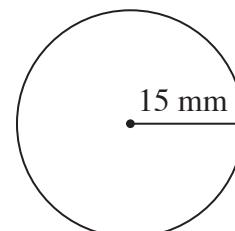
- i) Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

- j) Using $C = 2\pi r$ where $\pi \approx 3.14$, calculate the circumference of the circle.



$$C =$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$$

Skill 25.8 Calculating the perimeter of composite shapes.

MM4.2 11 22 33 44
MM5.1 11 22 33 44

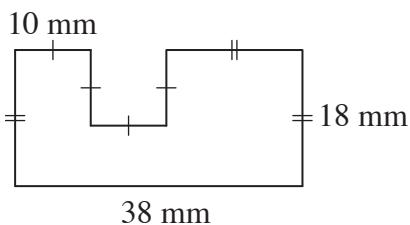
- Determine and label all side lengths.

Hint: Sides marked with a dash (|) are of equal length.

Sides marked with two dashes (||) are of equal length etc.

- Add together the side lengths.

- Q.** Calculate the perimeter of the polygon.



A. $10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 18 + 18 + 38 + 18$

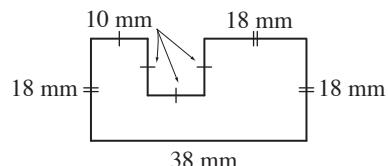
$= 40 + 36 + 56$

$= \mathbf{132 \text{ mm}}$

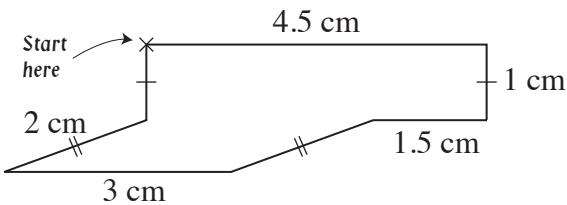
OR $(10 \times 4) + (18 \times 3) + 38$

$= 40 + 54 + 38$

$= \mathbf{132 \text{ mm}}$



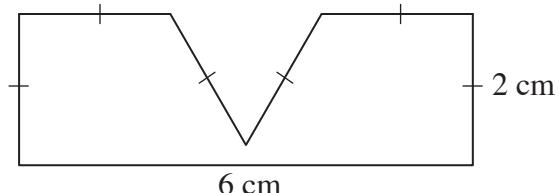
- a)** Calculate the perimeter of the polygon.



$4.5 + 1 + 1.5 + 2 + 3 + 2 + 1$

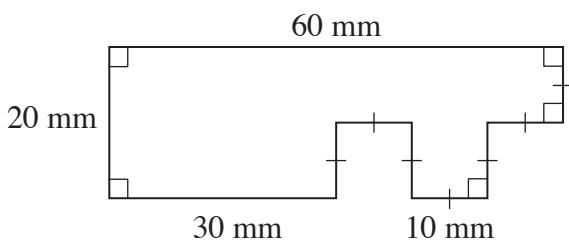
$= 5.5 + 3.5 + 6$

$= \boxed{\quad} \text{ cm}$

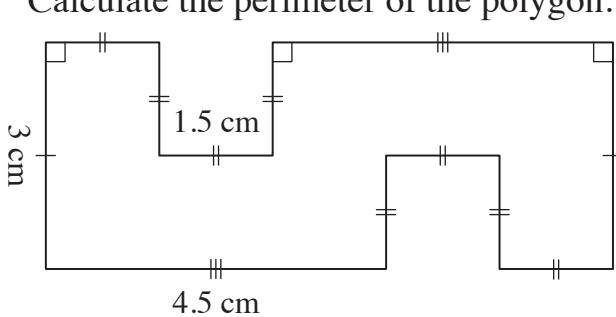


$= \boxed{\quad} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ cm}$

- c)** Calculate the perimeter of the polygon.

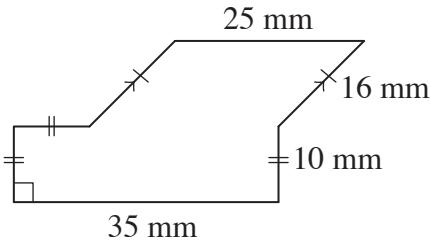


$= \boxed{\quad} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ mm}$

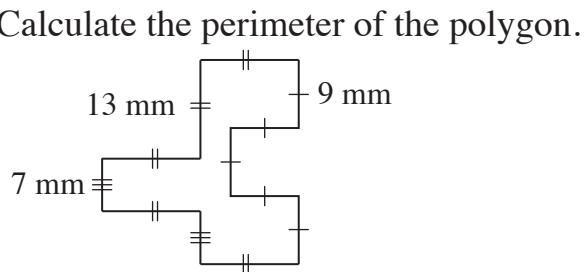


$= \boxed{\quad} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ cm}$

- e)** Calculate the perimeter of the polygon.



$= \boxed{\quad} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ mm}$



$= \boxed{\quad} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ mm}$