TERMS	DEFINITIONS	EXAMPLES
abacus	Beads on a frame used for counting and calculating.	
above	• Higher than or over the top of an object.	above the scarecrow
add (+)	• To join together.	
addition	• Finding the <i>total</i> or <i>sum</i> of two or more numbers.	4 + 5 = 9
after	• Forward in time.	ABC TV Guide 10:05 am Charlie And Lola 10:17 am Puffin Rock 10:27 am Lah-Lah's Adventures after Puffin Rock
afternoon	• The <i>time</i> from 12 noon to 6 <i>pm</i> .	afternoon tea
am (ante meridiem)	• The <i>time</i> from midnight to midday.	
amount	• How much.	\$ _{\$} \$ _{\$} \$
analogue clock	• A clock that has rotating hands and shows 12 hour <i>time</i> .	9 9 9 8 8 4

angle	• The <i>amount</i> of turning <i>between</i> two straight <i>lines</i> that are fixed at a point.	
annual	• Happening once a year.	ZRPY NEW LET BY NEW LE
area	• The <i>amount</i> of surface covered by a 2D shape.	Area = 8 squares
array	• Objects arranged in <i>rows</i> and <i>columns</i> .	
autumn	• March, April and May. The season after summer.	
backwards	• In reverse of the usual way. Away from your <i>front</i> .	10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5
bar graph	Uses bars to show quantities or numbers so they can be easily compared.	How long should pets live? (Span (Near)) Guinea Mouse Turtle Pig
base	• A line or surface on which a shape stands.	base base

base 10 blocks	Blocks that show base 10 values.	100 10 1
before	• Backward in time.	ABC TV Guide 10:05 am Charlie And Lola 10:17 am Puffin Rock 10:27 am Lah-Lah's Adventures before Lah-Lah's Adventures
behind	• A position at the back.	
below	• Lower than or underneath an object.	below sea level
between	 At a place bounded by two or more places. e.g. Canberra is located between Melbourne and Sydney. 	* Sydney Canberra
biggest	• The largest.	
calculate	• To work something out.	3 + 4 = 7
calendar	• A time chart that tells us what day, week, month and year it is.	APRIL - 2014 Sun Mon Tue 1 Wed 2 Thu 3 Fri 4 Sat 5 Sun 6 Mon 7 Tue 8 Wed 9 Thu 10 Fri 11 Sat 12 Sun 13 Mon 14 Tue 15 Wed 16 Thu 17 Fri 18 Sat 19 Sun 20 Mon 21 Tue 22 Wed 23 Thu 24 Fri 25 Sat 26 Sun 27 Mon 28 Tue 29 Wed 30 Thu Fri Sat

capacity	• Or <i>volume</i> , is the measure of the <i>amount</i> of liquid a container can hold.	Tigget Start
carry over	• The <i>amount</i> passed to the next place value in an algorithm.	653 Carry over + 128
cent (¢)	• The <i>smallest unit</i> of money. 100 cents = 1 <i>dollar</i>	10 cents 20 cents
centimetre	• A unit of length. 1 centimetre = 10 millimetres.	cm 1 2 3 4 5
certain	Being sure.Will definitely happen.	death taxes
chance	• The possibility of getting a particular result.	1 out of 6 chances to throw a 2.
change (money)	• The leftover money you are given back after buying something.	\$0.70 \$0.70 change from \$1

circle	• A 2D shape bounded by a line that is always the same distance from the middle point (centre).	
clockwise	• Moving in the <i>direction</i> of the hands on a clock.	
closest	• Nearest to.	nearest to mother
column	• A vertical line in an array or table.	2nd column from the left
compass	• An instrument that shows direction.	₩ E →
cone	• A 3D shape with one circular base and one vertex.	base
convert	• Change from one <i>unit</i> to another.	mm 10 20 s
cost (money)	• The <i>amount</i> you pay to buy something.	\$875

counting numbers	• A whole number from 1 to forever (infinity).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
cube	• A 3D shape with six identical square faces.	
curved line	• A <i>line</i> that is not straight.	
cylinder	• A 3D shape with two circular ends of the same size.	
date (time)	• Tells us the day, month and year.	7th June 2021 7/6/2021
day	• A <i>unit</i> of <i>time</i> equal to 24 <i>hours</i> . A day starts and ends at midnight.	JUNE 7
decagon	• A 2D shape with 10 sides.	
decrease	• To make smaller.	
difference	 The result when a number is subtracted from another number. The amount by which one number is bigger or smaller than another number. 	5 - 3 = 2
digit	• Any of the first ten whole numbers from 0 to 9.	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9

digital clock	• A clock that uses only numbers to show the <i>time</i> . (No hands!)	2:55
digital time	• The <i>time</i> shown in numbers.	12 : 25 : 53 hours minutes seconds
direction	• The way something is pointing or going.	north, up left, west east, right south, down
distance	• The <i>length between</i> two points.	10 metres
divide (÷)	• To share into equal groups.	$6 \div 2 = 3$
division	• The <i>operation</i> of sharing or grouping a number into <i>equal</i> parts.	$\begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \end{array}$
dollar (\$)	• A <i>unit</i> of money. 1 dollar = 100 <i>cents</i>	5 dollars 10 dollars 20 dollars 50 dollars 100 dollars
double	 Twice as much. Multiplied by two.	once twice

dozen	• Twelve.	
east	• A compass direction.	E
edge	• Where two faces of a 3D shape meet.	face
eighth	• The position after seventh.	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th
equal (=)	• Exactly the same in value or size.	20 cents 10 cents 10 cents
estimate	To make a close guess.	1 kg?
even number	 A whole number that can be divided by two. Even numbers end with 0, 2, 4, 6 or 8. 	even even 134 ×
expanded notation	• A way of writing a number to show the <i>value</i> of each <i>digit</i> .	123 = 100 + 20 + 3
face of a 3D shape	• 2D shapes that join on their edges to form a 3D shape.	face edge face

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fifth	• The position after fourth.	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th
first	• Placed <i>before</i> anything else.	
flat	• Base 10 block of 100 (10 × 10).	100
flip	• To turn across a <i>line</i> so the result is a mirror image.	
fortnight	• A unit of time equal to 2 whole weeks or 14 days.	OCTOBER TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR
forwards	• In the <i>direction</i> of your <i>front</i> .	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
fourth	• The position after <i>third</i> .	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th
fraction	Part of a group.Part of a whole.	$\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
front	• The <i>side</i> of an object that is usually seen <i>first</i> .	front door — HHH

furthest	• The <i>longest</i> way away.	Church De Castella's house house Daniher's Bourke's house house
gram (g)	• A unit of weight. 1000 grams = 1 kilogram	250 G
graph	• A diagram that shows a collection of information.	Homework time Homework time Homework time
greater than (>)	• A symbol showing which is bigger.	10 > 2 means that 10 is greater than 2.
greatest	• The <i>biggest</i> .	10 ₅ 1 7 9 3
grid reference	• A pair of letters and/or numbers that describe location within a grid.	4 3 2 1 A B C D E
group	• To join together in a collection.	
groups of	• Collections of things.	

5
a
1
3
3

half	• (pl. halves) One of two <i>equal</i> parts expressed as a <i>fraction</i> .	
halfway	• In the <i>middle</i> , <i>between</i> 2 points.	
height	• The vertical <i>distance</i> from top to bottom.	76 metres
heptagon	• A 2D shape with 7 sides.	
hexagon	• A 2D shape with 6 sides.	
horizontal line	• The same direction as the horizon.	•
hour (h)	• A unit of time. 1 hour = 60 minutes	11 12 1 10 2 9 3 8 4 7 6 5
hundreds	• The place value between tens and thousands.	Thousands Hundreds Tens Ones 3
impossible	Cannot happen.	Christmas Day - 4th of April?????

increase	• To make larger or grow in size.	
key (maps)	• The information needed to read a map, graph or diagram.	each = 5 hours
kilogram (kg)	• A unit of weight. 1 kilogram = 1000 grams	86 kg 35 kg
kilometre (km)	• A <i>unit</i> of <i>distance</i> . 1 kilometre = 1000 <i>metres</i>	Melbourne Auckland 2600 km
kite	• A special 2D shape with 4 sides. One line of symmetry.	Line of symmetry
largest	• The biggest.	
largest to smallest	• Ranking in order from the greatest to least.	1st 2nd 3rd 4th
lateral faces	• The vertical surfaces on a 3D shape.	Lateral faces
leap year	• A <i>year</i> with 366 <i>days</i> that falls every <i>fourth</i> year and includes the 29th of February as the extra day.	2016 is a leap year.
least	• The <i>smallest</i> .	2 5 6 14 9

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left	• The <i>direction</i> to the <i>west</i> of your body if you are facing <i>north</i> .	W left right E
length	 The <i>distance</i> from one end to the other. How long a shape is.	✓ length →
lesser	• Not as many as another.	50 mL 10 mL
less than (<)	• A symbol showing which is smaller.	2 < 10 means that 2 is less than 10.
likely	Will probably happen.	It is likely to spin a Z.
line	• A continuous narrow mark.	←
line of symmetry	• A <i>line</i> that <i>divides</i> a <i>shape</i> so that one <i>side</i> is a mirror image of the other. Both sides match exactly when folded.	Line of symmetry
litre (L)	• A <i>unit</i> of <i>capacity</i> . 1 litre = 1000 <i>millilitres</i>	1 bitre
location	• The exact place, where something is situated.	X
longest	• Having the biggest length.	

longs	• Base 10 block of 10 (1 × 10).	10
map	• A diagram of a region showing its <i>position</i> in the world.	South Pacific Pacific Ocean Pacifi
match	• Put with an identical object.	
measure	• To work out the <i>size</i> or <i>amount</i> .	cm 1 2 3 4 5
metre (m)	• A unit of length. 1 metre = 100 centimetres	Standard 400 metre athletics track
middle	• A point halfway between. In the centre.	
millilitre (mL)	• A <i>unit</i> of <i>capacity</i> . 1000 millilitres = 1 <i>litre</i>	- 10 mL - 9 - 8 - 7 - 6 - 5 - 4 - 3 - 2 - 1
millimetre (mm)	• A <i>unit</i> of <i>length</i> . 10 millimetres = 1 <i>centimetre</i>	10 20 30 40 50 mm

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3

•	minis	• Base 10 block of one (1).	1
	minus (–)	• Another word for <i>subtract</i> . To <i>take away</i> .	3 - 2 = 1
	minute (min)	• A <i>unit</i> of <i>time</i> . 1 minute = 60 <i>seconds</i>	5:20 5:2 I
	mixed number	• The sum of a whole number and a fraction less than one.	$3\frac{1}{2}$
	month	• A unit of time. • A month is equal to 28, 29, 30 or 31 days.	JANUARY H
	morning	• The early part of the day ending at 12 noon.	
	most	• The <i>greatest</i> amount.	Vince Margie 50 60 kilograms Vince weighs the most.
	multiplication	• An <i>operation</i> where a number is <i>added</i> to itself a number of times.	$2 \times 5 = 10$ $2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10$
	multiply (×)	• To find the <i>total</i> of a number of identical <i>groups</i> .	$2 \times 3 = 6$
	ninth	• The position after eighth.	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th

none	• Zero.	no picture
north	• A compass direction.	N
number line	• An evenly marked <i>line</i> that shows the <i>position</i> of numbers.	-7-6-5-4-3-2-1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
numeral	• A symbol used to represent a number.	Arabic numerals: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Roman numerals: I, II, III, IV, V
octagon	• A polygon with 8 sides.	
odd number	 A whole number that cannot be divided by 2. Odd numbers end with 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9. 	odd odd 431 ✓ 134 ×
once	• On one occasion.	Just this time!
ones	• The place value before tens.	Thousands Hundreds Tens Ones 3
opposite	• The equivalent <i>position</i> but on the other side.	left right
order	• Placing a <i>group</i> in a special arrangement.	tallest to shortest

outcome	• Possible result of a probability experiment.	throw a die - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 6 outcomes
pair	• Two together.	
parallelogram	• A special 2D shape with 4 sides. Opposite sides are equal in length. Opposite angles are equal.	
pattern	• Numbers or objects that are arranged following a rule.	
pentagon	• A 2D shape with 5 sides.	
per	For each.Can be written as a forward slash (/).	One ticket per person
pictograph	• A graph that uses pictures or symbols to represent information.	June July August Pach S = 50 toys
place value	• Value according to position in a number.	Thousands Hundreds Tens Ones 3 4 2 0 Value
		3000 400 20 0

plus (+)	• Another word for addition. To add.	2 + 3 = 5
pm (post meridiem)	• The <i>time</i> from midday to midnight.	***
position	Where something is in relation to things around it.	SYDNEY HARBOUR OF THE STATE OF
possible	• Can happen.	landing on tails
prism	• A 3D shape. Two bases are the same size.	
pyramid	• A 3D shape. All lateral faces are triangles that meet at one point called vertex. A pyramid is named for the shape of its base.	
quadrilateral	• A 2D shape with 4 sides.	
quarter	 One of four equal parts of a group or object. Written as the fraction 1/4. 	

rectangle	• A special 2D shape with 4 sides. Opposite sides are equal in length. All angles are right angles.	
rectangular prism	• A 3D shape with 6 rectangular faces.	OR
rhombus	• A special 2D shape with 4 equal sides. Opposite angles are equal.	
right	• The <i>direction</i> to the <i>east</i> of your body if you are facing <i>north</i> .	W left right E
right angle	• An <i>angle</i> measuring exactly 90°. It is marked with a corner.	
Roman numerals	• Numeral system invented by the ancient Romans.	$\begin{array}{cccc} I = 1 & & V = 5 \\ X = 10 & & L = 50 \\ C = 100 & & D = 500 \\ M = 1000 & & \end{array}$
row	• A horizontal line in an array or table.	top row
ruler	• An instrument for measuring length.	cm 1 2 3 4 5 6
scale	• Set of marks on a <i>line</i> .	0 1 2
season	 There are 4 seasons: Summer, Autumn, Winter, Spring. A length of time lasting 3 months. 	Summer Autumn Winter Spring December March June September January April July October February May August November

second (s)	• A very short <i>unit</i> of <i>time</i> . 60 seconds = 1 <i>minute</i>	5:20: 13 5:20: 14
second	• The <i>position</i> after <i>first</i> .	1st, 2nd
semicircle	• A half circle.	
seventh	• The position after sixth.	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th
shape	• The outline of an area.	
sharing	• Putting into equal <i>groups</i> or parts.	
shortest	• Having the <i>smallest length</i> .	
side	• One of the <i>lines</i> that form a 2D shape.	side
sixth	• The <i>position</i> after <i>fifth</i> .	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th
size	• How big an object is.	2 metres
skip counting	• Counting by missing numbers following a certain pattern.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
slide	• Move without changing direction.	

smallest	• The least size.	
smallest to largest	• Ranking in order from the <i>least</i> to the <i>greatest</i> .	1st 2nd 3rd 4th
south	• A compass direction.	S
sphere	• A set of <i>points</i> in space of <i>equal</i> distance from the central point.	
spring	• September, October and November. The season after winter.	
square	• A special rectangle with all sides of equal length.	
square prism	• A 3D shape. Two identical square bases. All the other faces are rectangles.	
square pyramid	• A 3D shape. One square base. All the other faces are triangles.	
straight line	• A continuous narrow mark.	←
subtract	• To take away or minus.	5 - 2 = 3

sum	• The result when two or more numbers are <i>added</i> .	plus $2 + 3 = 5$		
summer	• December, January, February. The season after spring.			
symmetry	• When one <i>side</i> of a <i>shape</i> is the mirror image of the other.	Lines of symmetry		
table	• Information organised in columns and rows.	Netball: Aust v NZ NZ Quarters Shooting chances Actual goals 1st 9 9 2nd 14 13 3rd 23 20 4th 18 17		
take away	• To subtract or minus.	5 - 2 = 3		
tally marks	• Marks used to help when counting large numbers. Drawn in bundles of 5.	шт шт ш = 18		
tally table	• Information represented in columns and rows using tally marks to count totals.	Lighthouse SurveyStatesTallyNumberHawaii\mathfrak{HIIII}9Maryland\mathfrak{HIII}5Virginia 3Rhode Island 4		
temperature	 How hot or cold a thing is. Temperature is measured in degrees Celsius (°C) with a thermometer. 	40°C 30°C 20°C 10°C 0°C		

te - ti

tens	• The place value between the ones and hundreds.	Place Thousands Hundreds Tens Ones
tesselate	• A repeated <i>shape</i> covering a large <i>area</i> with no gaps and no overlaps. Example: Brick wall, tiled floor	Tessellating patterns OR Tessellating shapes
thermometer	• An instrument used to measure temperature.	Handrand and the control of the cont
third	• The <i>position</i> after <i>second</i> .	1st, 2nd, 3rd
thousands	• The place value between hundreds and tens of thousands.	Place Thousands Hundreds Tens Ones 3
three dimensional (3D)	• Able to be measured in three directions namely length, width and height.	height width length
time	• The progression from past to present to future.	10 12 1 9 3 8 4 7 6 5

today	• This day.	Today is the 10th of June.		
tomorrow	• The day after today.	Tomorrow is the 11th of June.		
total	The <i>whole</i> lot.The <i>sum</i> of two or more quantities.	4 + 5 = 9		
trade	• 10 minis make 1 long.			
trapezium	A special 2D shape.Two opposite sides are parallel.	or _		
trial and error	• To try repeatedly and learn from mistakes.	?		
triangle	• A 2D shape with 3 sides.			
triangular prism	• A 3D shape. Two identical triangular bases. All the other faces are rectangles.			
triple	• Multiply by three.	Children × 3 = triplets!		

turn	• To rotate about a point.			
twenty-four hour time	• Time told in 24 hour lots using 4 <i>digits</i> .	Nine thirty am is 9:30 or 0930 Two thirty pm is 14:30 or1430		
twice	• Two times.	once twice		
two dimensional (2D)	• Able to be measured in 2 directions (length and width).	width		
uncertain	• Not sure it will happen.	It will rain tomorrow?		
unit	 Another name for one. The <i>smallest value between</i> two marks on a <i>scale</i>. 	40°C 30°C 20°C 10°C 0°C -10°C		
units	• The place value before tens. Also called ones.	Thousands Hundreds Tens Units 3		

units of measurement

• Standard *amount* or quantity.

Unit	Abbreviation	Examples		Used for measuring	
• millimetre	mm	thickness of a plan			
• centimetre	cm	width of a photo frame		distance - length, width, height	
• metre	m	length of a lap of a stadium			
kilometre	km	distance between t	wo cities		
• gram	g	weight of an egg		MASS	
• kilogram	kg	weight of a bag of	apples	weight - people, animals, objects	
• millilitre	mL	liquid in a glass		CAPACITY	
• litre	L	liquid in a bucket		quantity - liquids	
unlikely	• Probably v	will not happen.		110	
value	• The amoun	• The <i>amount</i> of worth.		5 cents	
vertical line	• A line at re horizon.	• A line at right angles to the horizon.		AND MINA	
vertex	which two s	• (pl. vertices) The point at which two <i>sides</i> (of a <i>2D shape</i>) or three <i>edges</i> (of a <i>3D shape</i>) meet.		edge vertex ex 3D shape	
volume		• The <i>amount</i> of space that a 3D shape occupies.			

week	• A <i>unit</i> of <i>time</i> equal to 7 <i>days</i> : Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.	OCTOBER - 2021 Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri 1 Sat 2 Sun 3 Mon 4 Tue 5 Wed 6 Thu 7 Fri 8 Sat 9 Sun 10 Mon 11 Tue 12 Wed 13 Thu 14 Fri 15 Sat 16 Sun 17 Mon 18 Tue 19 Wed 20 Thu 21 Fri 22 Sat 23 Sun 24 Mon 25 Tue 26 Wed 27 Thu 28 Fri 29 Sat 30 Sun 31 Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat	
weekday	 One of 5 days: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday. The working days of the week. 	Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri 1 Sat 2 Sun 3 Mon 4 Tue 5 Wed 6 Thu 7 Fri 8 Sat 9 Sun 10 Mon 11 Tue 12 Wed 13 Thu 14 Fri 15 Sat 16 Sun 17 Mon 18 Tue 19 Wed 20 Thu 21 Fri 22 Sat 23 Sun 24 Mon 25 Tue 26 Wed 27 Thu 28 Fri 29 Sat 30 Sun 31 Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat	
weekend	Saturday and Sunday.	Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri 1 Sat 2 Sun 3 Mon 4 Tue 5 Wed 6 Thu 7 Fri 8 Sat 9 Sun 10 Mon 11 Tue 12 Wed 13 Thu 14 Fri 15 Sat 16 Sun 17 Mon 18 Tue 19 Wed 20 Thu 21 Fri 22 Sat 23 Sun 24 Mon 25 Tue 26 Wed 27 Thu 28 Fri 29 Sat 30 Sun 31 Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat	
weight	• The heaviness of an object.	200 400 grams 0 600	
west	• A compass direction.	W	
whole	• All of something.	1 whole lemon	
whole numbers	• Zero and the counting numbers from one to forever (infinity).	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,	
width	• How wide an object is. The sideways dimension.	12 cm $\psi = \text{width}$	

winter	• June, July, August. The season after autumn.	
year	• A unit of time equal to 365 days. (366 in a leap year).	Sun Mon Tue Wed (1) Thu 2 Fri 3 Sat 4
yesterday	• The day before today.	Yesterday was the 9th of June.
zero	• Nothing, nought, nil.	